K'uo-an (active c. 1150)

The Ox-Herding Poems (complete)

The earliest series of ox-herding poems was composed around 1050 by Ch'ing-chu; they are only partially preserved. Another set composed by P'u-ming was circulated in Chinese Zen circles, but the series that became best known in East Asia was written and illustrated by K'uo-an Shih-yuan in the mid-twelfth century. Woodblock book versions of this series were printed over the next few hundred years in China and Japan, and it was K'uo-an's illustrations that became the model for most later painters. As a metaphor for the path to enlightenment, the ox-herding poems and paintings have often been utilized by Zen Masters over the centuries; for example, when Zekkai Chushin was asked in 1395 to explain Zen Buddhism to the Shogun, he used K'uo-an's book as a point of departure for his explanations.

Some sets of ox-herding paintings end with the eighth, the empty circle, but the final two are also important: after enlightenment, one comes back to the world—both for one's own continuing practice and to help all others. The examples here were painted in traditional style by a contemporary Korean monk.

1. Searching for the Ox

Searching through tall, endless grass, Rivers, mountain ranges, the path trails off. Weary, exhausted, no place left to hunt: Maples rustle, evening, the cicada's song.



2. Finding the Tracks

Along the river, under trees jumbled tracks! Thick fragrant woods, is this the way? Though the ox wanders far in the hills, His nose touches the sky. He cannot hide.



3. Seeing the Ox

Oriole on a branch chirps and chirps, Sun warm, breeze through the willows. There is the ox, cornered, alone. That head, those horns! Who

could paint them?

4. Catching the Ox

Last desperate effort, got him! Hard to control, powerful and wild,

The ox sprints up a hill and at the top

Disappears into the misty clouds.



5. Taming the Ox

Don't lose the whip, hold onto the rope Or he'll buck away into the dirt. Herded well, in perfect harmony He'll follow along without any constraint.



6. Riding the Ox Home

Riding the ox home, taking it easy, The flute's notes vanish in the evening haze. Tapping time to a folk song, happy as can be— It's all too much for words.



7. Ox Forgotten

Reaching home on the back of the ox,

Rest now, the ox forgotten.

Taking a nap under the noon sun,

Whip and rope abandoned behind the hut.



teachers.

8. Ox Transcended

Whip, rope, self, ox—no traces left. Thoughts cannot penetrate the vast blue sky, Snowflakes cannot survive a red-hot stove. Arriving here, meet the ancient

9. Returning to the Source

- Return to the source, no more effort,
- Just staying at home, sitting in the hut,
- Blind and deaf to the world outside.
- The river runs by itself, flowers are red.

10. Entering the Marketplace

Barefoot and shirtless, enter the market Smiling through all the dirt and grime. No immortal powers, no secret spells, Just teach the withered trees to

bloom.

—Translation by Stanley Lombardo



